2018

Tuolumne County Community Health Improvement Plan





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I. Introduction

In the Fall of 2016, Tuolumne County Public Health and Sonora Regional Medical Center completed the 2016 Tuolumne County Health Needs Assessment, which presents measurements that allow for a course to be set to improve the public's health. Tuolumne County Public Health and Sonora Regional Medical Center teamed up to work with a large and diverse committee representing Tuolumne County agencies and businesses to build on the 2013 Community Health Needs Assessment. Both documents reflect the content of the Let's Get Healthy California Task Force's guidelines.

Throughout the Summer and Fall of 2017, a representative task force met three times to develop the Community Health Improvement Plan, in which they conducted an environmental scan, selected priority strategies and indicators, and identified partner roles and responsibilities. In addition, they developed key concepts for a coordinated communications plan to address substance use, one of the priorities highlighted in the needs assessment.

Members of the Task Force represented the following community partners:

- Adventist Health Sonora
- Amador Tuolumne Community Action Agency
- First 5 Tuolumne County
- Mathiesen Memorial Health Clinic
- Tuolumne County Human Services Agency
- Tuolumne County Probation
- Tuolumne County Public Health
- Tuolumne County Superintendent of Schools
- Tuolumne Me-Wuk Indian Health Center

The following Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) highlights the top strategic priorities for the next few years and a roadmap to coordinate and implement key strategies that will improve the health and quality of life for Tuolumne County residents.

"The future is not some place we are going to but one we are creating. The paths are not to be found but made, and the activity of making them changes both the maker and the destination." [John Schaar]

Strategic Priority Areas

As a result of this most recent needs assessment, three Strategic Priority Areas were identified:

- 1. Access to Care
- 2. Substance Use
- 3. Healthy Beginnings

1. Access to Care



The Tuolumne County Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) identified significant gaps in access to care for residents. This applies to primary care, mental health care, specialty care, and dental care. Difficulty accessing care has been identified in patients who have Medi-Cal, Medicare, County Medical Services Program (CMSP), private insurance, and those with no health insurance.

2. Substance Use

Substance use and abuse affects all sectors of the community, from pre-conception throughout

adulthood. Like the rest of the country, the opioid epidemic has had a devastating impact in Tuolumne County. Youth substance use remains a significant challenge, while excessive alcohol use among all ages persists in the county. Substance use is also one of the top factors impacting chronic disease and death rates in the county and includes tobacco use.



3. Healthy Beginnings

Ensuring good health in the beginning of life sets the foundation for health throughout the lifespan. A healthy childhood is essential to children having the opportunity to thrive and reach their full potential. The CHNA highlights both the good news and bad news regarding healthy beginnings. Most of our pregnant mothers are receiving high rates of prenatal care and are breastfeeding, teen births are decreasing, and most young children are receiving dental care.



However, the number of childcare slots has reduced, kindergarten immunization rates are low, childhood obesity rates are still of concern, late entry into prenatal care still occurs, and the current substance abuse and neglect rate for the county is quite high.

II. Environmental Scan for each Strategic Priority Area

In early Fall 2017, members of the CHIP Task Force conducted an analysis of the Strengths, Opportunities, Aspirations, and Results (SOAR) for each of the three Strategic Priority Areas.



Common themes across all areas included:

- Tuolumne County has a spirit of collaboration and willingness to partner in real ways. "All issues are solvable with partners in Tuolumne County."
- Like other rural areas, Tuolumne County has a high poverty rate, an aging population, and is combating high rates of drug use and abuse.
- The county has many dedicated programs and services that meet the education and health care needs of the community. However, we are lacking medical and behavioral health providers, which limit access to health care and substance use programs.
- Since it is a small community, strong partnerships have been built among agencies, including county-wide coalitions. However, there are opportunities to better partner with the schools, parents, students, local tribes, and local businesses.
- Tuolumne County leaders would like to develop a collective vision and partnership across agencies, focusing on equal access to health care and building healthy places for recreational and sports activities.

The following is a summary of the environmental scan findings for each Strategic Priority Area. (A full report of the SOAR Findings is available upon request from the Tuolumne County Public Health Department.)

1. Access to Care Environmental Scan

Challenges:

- Lack of providers, long wait times for appointments
- Residents don't know services are available and/or that they are eligible
- Rural lifestyle might not be desirable to potential providers (crime data misleading due to small total population, wage base)

Community Assets:

- Effective community outreach and engagement
- Small social networks that can get things done quickly and nimbly
- Many programs, services and facilities that can be tapped
- Exquisite natural beauty to draw people to the area

2. Substance Use Environmental Scan

Challenges:

- Opioid Epidemic
- Lack of affordable inpatient and outpatient behavioral health services (both Medi-Cal and private)
- Stigma
- Legalization of marijuana
- Housing/homelessness/ poverty
- Decreased legal leverage to motivate people into treatment

Community Assets:

- Many program and services focused on prevention and treatment.
- Strong relationships between behavioral health, public health, health care, education, faith-based, and law enforcement partners.
- Annual California Healthy Kids Survey (CHKS) data
- Exquisite outdoor spaces that provide people with healthy, positive alternatives
- Opioid Safety Coalition
- YES Partnership

3. Healthy Beginnings Environmental Scan

Challenges:

- Family/prenatal substance abuse
- Poverty, poor nutrition
- Lack of quality, licensed child care, especially non-subsidized care
- Pediatricians are not routinely doing early developmental screenings
- Lack of foster care resources
- Entrenched, intergenerational family economic and social challenges
- Lack of medical and dental screenings

Community Assets:

- Women Infants and Children (WIC), First 5, Head Start and State Preschool programs; subsidized licensed care
- Some early developmental screening is conducted through early education and family support programs
- School-community-family partnerships
- Columbia College Early Childhood Education program
- Infant Child Enrichment Services (ICES)



III. Improvement Strategies for each Strategic Priority Area

Logic Models

Based on the findings of the environmental scan, the Task Force met to identify priority indicators. Those top indicators for each

Strategic Priority Area were then the basis of the selection of improvement strategies. The Task force developed Logic Models, which included proposed strategies and outcomes. These were then fleshed out and partners identified the roles they would each take in coordinating and participating in implementing each of the strategies. Below are the three Logic Models, followed by the identification of partner roles for each strategy.

"To do great and important tasks, two things are necessary: a plan and not quite enough time." [Anonymous]

1. Access to Care Logic Model









Partner Roles/Responsibilities



Recognizing that the CHIP is a collaborative planning tool, the Task Force members identified a convener and participating partners for each of the strategies identified in the Strategic Priority Area Logic Models.

1. Access to Care Partner Roles

Strategy	Convening Organization	Participating Partners		
Identify weaknesses and gaps in care.	Adventist or Clinics	Clinics (Mathieson, Tuolumne Me-Wuk)		
Enhanced community outreach, education, enrollment/eligibility.	ducation, Department of Social Public Services Medi	Public Health (County Medical Services Program)		
Family/client centered case management ("No Wrong Door").	Amador Tuolumne Community Action Agency (ATCAA)	Clinics, Adventist, Human Services Agency (Public Health, Social Services, and Behavioral Health)		

2. Substance Use Partner Roles

Strategy	Convening Organization	Participating Partners		
Promote Whole-Person Care Model.	Adventist or Clinics	Public Health (County Medical Services Program)		
Increase numbers of therapists comfortable treating the Substance Use Disorder population.	Behavioral Health	Tuolumne Me-Wuk, Adventist, Mathieson, Schools		
Engage Medi-Cal managed care providers to streamline access.	Clinics	Public Health, Hospital, Opioid Safety Coalition		
Engage youth in healthy alternatives such as Friday	Public Health (Tobacco)	YES Partnership, 4-H, Scouts,		

Strategy	Convening Organization	Participating Partners		
Night Live.		schools		
Offer Boys and Girls Circles.	ΑΤCAA	Schools		
Train key stakeholders in Motivational Interviewing.	Behavioral Health, ATCAA/YES Partnership	Public Health, ATCAA, schools, First 5		
Develop addiction awareness trainings for schools, CBOs, and other organizations.	Opioid Safety Coalition, YES Partnership	ATCAA, Public Health, County Superintendent of Schools		
Involve law enforcement Community Engagement Teams.	Tuolumne County Sheriff Department's Tuolumne Narcotics Team (TNT) Sonora Police Department	Schools, Public Health		
Increase number of peer- driven recovery models.	Behavioral Health	ΑΤCAA		
Coordinated messaging for programs and community members related to stigma reduction and cultural norms.	Opioid Safety Coalition	ATCAA Public Health, Behavioral Health, ATCAA, First 5, YES Partnership Adventist, Emergency		
Training and education for providers on opioid intervention strategies.	Opioid Safety Coalition	Adventist, Emergency Medical Services		

3. Healthy Beginnings Partner Roles

Strategy	Convening Organization	Participating Partners		
Employer, site-based quality, licensed centers with variable hours.	Infant Child Enrichment Services (ICES)	Department of Social Services		
Partnerships with public/private resources for quality child care.	First 5	ATCAA (Head Start)		
Link to Columbia College Early	First 5	County schools, ICES		

Strategy	Convening Organization	Participating Partners		
Childhood Education (ECE) program and ICES.				
Substance use provider screening and tailored recovery programs.	Adventist or Clinics	Behavioral Health, Probation, Public Health		
Targeted messaging from pre- conception about importance of early prenatal care.	Public Health	Adventist, clinics		
Help Me Grow (family navigator).	First 5	County Schools, Public Health, ICES		
Accompaniment Model.	ATCAA (Promotores)	County Schools, ICES, First 5		
No Wrong Door.	ΑΤCAA	Health Services Agency, Child Welfare Services/Adult Protective Services, Clinics, Public Health		
Education of pediatricians about developmental screenings.	Public Health	First 5, Adventist, Clinics		

IV. Communications Plan

The CHIP Task Force chose one Strategic Priority Area for which to develop a Communications Plan. They decided to develop key messaging around Substance Use. They used the Consensus Workshop Method to come up with key concepts and messaging.

WHAT KEY CONCEPTS DO WE WANT TO COMMUNICATE TO THE PUBLIC THAT WOULD REDUCE STIGMA AND PROMOTE HEALTHY NORMS RELATED TO SUBSTANCE USE IN TUOLUMNE COUNTY?							
LIFE IS HARD	YOU CAN ONERCOME FEAR	YOU'RE NOT ALONE	YOU CAN DO IT	WHAT WE OFFER	YOU MATTER	VISION OF POSSIBILITIES	 FUTURE
Stuff Happens	Celebrate Browery of Cetting Help Real men can ask for Ivelp	Everyone needs help sometimes You are a lone We all smoot Durit sunge above Durit sunge above Hers help? Get help?	H God habit an out the for there is hope for you Can be successfit Dream big - go for the	Conflictuation Services Preer Programs Preventative health Care	You Important You Matter!	con anome in different activitu/openant Inspiring Picture of life W/o drugs/olcothal Celebrate Success of Treatment Education for Curgone	Jour unborn baby needs you et it stop with you' (leaker)
		Change Challenging There is no shame in asking for help					

This photo illustrates the process the CHIP Task Force used to come up with coordinated messaging for a Substance Use Communications Plan.

Substance Use Messaging

Life is hard. Challenges will confront all of us at times in our life and sometimes it's hard to cope.

You're not alone/You can overcome fear. Change is challenging. We all struggle, and all need help sometimes. There is no shame in asking for help. It reflects your strength to get the support you need. I did!

You can do it/You matter. A bad habit does not define you. You are important! Dream big; choose hope; you can be successful.

What we offer. There are confidential services, including peer programs and preventative health care here in Tuolumne County that can support your recovery.

Vision of possibilities/Better future. Imagine and celebrate a life without drugs or alcohol. Your unborn baby needs you. The community needs you. You can create a new legacy for your family. Get involved in your community. We can show you how.

It's a community issue. We are all responsible for making Tuolumne County a healthier community. We can all take a part in reducing stigma and changing the cultural norms of our community. Those of us who struggle with addiction need compassion and support for our disease recovery.

V. List of Resources

The following are websites for Promising or Model Practice Programs for assistance when developing programs.

- Cancer Control Planet: <u>http://cancercontrolplanet.cancer.gov</u>
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: <u>www.cdc.gov</u>
- Community Guide Website-The Guide to Community Preventative Services: <u>http://www.thecommunityguide.org/index.html</u>
- NACCHO Model and Promising Practices Database: <u>https://www.naccho.org/resources/model-practices/database</u>
- Public Health Accreditation Board: <u>http://www.phaboard.org/</u>

VII. Acknowledgements

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